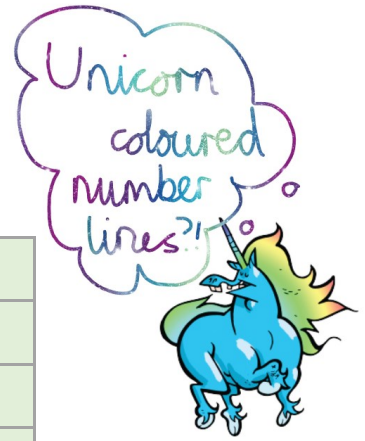


Watch the bbc clip: <https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/topics/zqbg87h/articles/zyp7b82> Fill in the missing numbers in the boxes below. Each line is counting in intervals. If you can't count in those intervals (for example, 8s), then add on on your fingers to work out what number comes next (for example, in the 8s you would add on 8 more to 40).



2	3	4	5	8	10
4	6	8	10	16	20
6	9	12	15	24	30
8	12	16	20	32	40
10	15	20	25	40	50

Using your above number lines (or counting in your head if you're feeling particularly clever!), answer the below division questions.

**Example:**

$$10 \div 2 = \underline{\quad}$$

I will count along the number line counting in 2s until I get to 10  
"2, 4, 6, 8, 10". I have counted 5 times so my answer is 5.

$$10 \div 2 = \underline{5}$$

$$50 \div 5 = \underline{\quad} \quad 35 \div 5 = \underline{\quad} \quad 60 \div 5 = \underline{\quad} \quad 60 \div 10 = \underline{\quad}$$

$$32 \div 4 = \underline{\quad} \quad 16 \div 4 = \underline{\quad} \quad 24 \div 4 = \underline{\quad} \quad 110 \div 10 = \underline{\quad}$$

$$18 \div 3 = \underline{\quad} \quad 36 \div 3 = \underline{\quad} \quad 12 \div 3 = \underline{\quad} \quad 20 \div 10 = \underline{\quad}$$

$$16 \div 2 = \underline{\quad} \quad 6 \div 2 = \underline{\quad} \quad 24 \div 2 = \underline{\quad}$$